

میدیکلینیك MEDICLINIC

Mediclinic Parkview Hospital Dr. Shikha Saxena Patient ID: 1770558 Date 05/01/2024

Thank you very much for referring your patient for a scan.

## First Trimester Risk Assessment

Patient:

Jeevitha Rangoyi DOB: 20/07/1997

Exam date:

05/01/2024

Indication

USG <14 weeks

History

General Smoking: no. Height 168 cm

History

Allergies

No allergies identified

Prev.

No previous diseases identified

diseases

Prev.

No previous surgeries performed

surgeries

Infections

No infections identified

**OB History** 

Gravida 1. Para 0

FMF History

Parity (pregnancies after 23 weeks): nulliparous

Prev. outcomes 16-30w 0

Diabetes mellitus: no. History of chronic hypertension: no. Systemic lupus

erythematosus: no. Antiphospholipid syndrome: no

Previous pregnancy with preeclampsia: no. Maternal family history of preeclampsia: no. Previous pregnancy with fetal growth restriction: no

Maternal Assessment Physical Exam Height 168 cm. Weight 67.00 kg. BMI 23.74 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. Blood pressure 111 / 52

mmHg. Heart rate 62 bpm. Temperature 36.0 °C.

Blood Pressure Profile:

Right arm: # 1 111 / 52 mmHg, MAP 71.7 mmHg; # 2 107 / 52 mmHg, MAP

70.3 mmHg

Left arm: # 1 111 / 52 mmHg, MAP 71.7 mmHg; # 2 107 / 52 mmHg, MAP

70.3 mmHg.

Fetal Growth Overview 
 Exam date
 GA
 BPD (mm)
 HC (mm)
 AC (mm)
 FL (mm)
 HL (mm)
 EFW (g)

 05/01/2024
 12w 5d
 81.8 70%
 68.8 85%
 10.2 57%
 68.8 85%
 10.2 57%

Method

Transabdominal and transvaginal ultrasound examination. , Voluson E10. View: Sufficient

Pregnancy

Singleton pregnancy. Number of fetuses: 1.

Dating

	Date	Details	Gest. age	EDD
LMP	09/10/2023		12 w + 4 d	15/07/2024
U/S	05/01/2024	based upon CRL	12 w + 5 d	14/07/2024

	Agreed dating	Dating performed on ultrasound (CRL)	05/01/2024	t, pased on		14/07/202
10000	Cardiac activit	v present.				
eneral	Placenta left la	y presente				
valuation	Ampiotic fluid	normal amount.				
				40%		
etal Biometry	FHR	159 bpm	1	67%		
	CRL	66.0 mm	1 14 1	0,70		
	NT	1.50 mm				
	IT	2.2 mm				
	OFD	28.8 mm	I IAI	70%		
	HC	81.8 mm		85%		
	AC	68.8 mm		57%		
	Femur	10.2 mm		5/70	TEN STREET	T Ingr
Fetal Anatomy Fetal Doppler	The following Cranium. Face Ductus Venos	structures were visu e. Neck. Heart. Abdom sus:	ailsed: ninal wall. GI	tract. Urogeni	tal tract. Spine	e. Arms. Legs
retai Doppiei	S-wave	28.68 cm/s			in a property	
	D-wave	23.14 cm/s				
	A-wave	4.71 cm/s				
		19.99 cm/s				
	TAmax	1.20				
	PIV	1.04				
	PVIV	0.84				
	PLI	6.09				
	S/a					
	a/S	0.16				
	D/a	4.91				
	HR	159 bpm	-	With the State of		
Maternal	Right uterin	e artery:	rafta 22 on	Agend white	10000000	
Doppler	HR	85 bpm	w0E-81 a	C20/		
d stone	PI	1.76	19	62%		
	RI	0.74				
	PS	-87.79 cm/s				
	ED	-22.57 cm/s				
	TAmax	-37.04 cm/s				
	MD	-22.02 cm/s				
	S/D	3.89	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	suggest took		
	Left utering			STITLE OF		
	HR	94 bpm	des est 2.17	2.40/		
	PI	1.47		⊣ 34%		
	RI	0.70				
	PS	-79.98 cm/s				
	ED	-24.38 cm/s				
	TAmax	-37.84 cm/s				
	MD	-23.86 cm/s		and garanagin		
	S/D	3.28		today in the	महत्रम् सण्डेष	The state of
	Gest an	89.50 bpm		8100		
	Mean HR	on En ham				

Maternal Structures Cervix

Visualised

Approach - Transabdominal: Cervical length 41.0 mm

Right and left adnexa - Normal

Risk Parameters

History

Age 26 yrs. Ethnic origin: Indian. Smoking: no. Parity (pregnancies after 23 weeks): nulliparous

Prev. outcomes 16-30w 0

Diabetes mellitus: no. History of chronic hypertension: no. Systemic lupus

erythematosus: no. Antiphospholipid syndrome: no

Previous pregnancy with preeclampsia: no. Maternal family history of preeclampsia: no. Previous pregnancy with fetal growth restriction: no

U/S Markers Nasal bone: present. Tricuspid regurgitation: absent. Fetal cardiac activity:

present. FHR 159 bpm. Ductus ven. PIV 1.20.

Biophysical

Weight 67.00 kg. Height 168 cm.

Markers

A. uterine mean PI 1.62, equivalent to 1.0277 MoM. Mean MAP 71.0 mmHg, equivalent to 0.8327 MoM.

Risk Assessment

Chosen trisomy screening option: Tr21, Tr18 and Tr13.

Risk at time of screening	Trisomy 21	Trisomy 18	Trisomy 13
Background risk	1:903	1:2,227	1:6,981
Adjusted risk	1:18,059	< 1:20 000	< 1:20 000

The background risk is based on maternal age. The adjusted risk (risk at time of screening) is calculated on the basis of the background risk, ultrasound markers (nuchal translucency, nasal bone, ductus venosus Doppler, tricuspid Doppler and fetal heart rate).

Risk for preeclampsia before 34 weeks 1:4,817.

Risk for preeclampsia before 37 weeks 1:838.

Risk for preeclampsia before 42 weeks 1:81.

Risk for fetal growth restriction before 37 weeks 1:270.

Risk for spontaneous delivery before 34 weeks 1:78.

The risks for hypertensive disorders are based on maternal history, uterine artery mean-PI and mean arterial pressure. The risk for fetal growth restriction is based on maternal history, uterine artery mean-PI and mean arterial pressure.

The risk assessment was performed by roopa shinde. The estimated risk is calculated by the FMF-01/07/2012 software and is based on findings from extensive research coordinated by the Fetal Medicine Foundation (UK Registered charity 1037116). The risk is only valid if the ultrasound scan was performed by a sonographer who has been accredited by the Fetal Medicine Foundation and has submitted results for regular audit (see www.fetalmedicine.com).

Impression

Single live intra uterine pregnancy corresponding to a gestational age of 12 w + 5 d

Cervical length = 4.1 cm

Comment - The first trimester scan showed normal anatomy for this period of gestation .The intracranial translucency and nasal bone is normal . Normal flow across tricuspid valve

Low risk for preterm preeclampsia. The patient was counselled regarding the scan and possible screening options for aneuploidies (NT, papp-A, NIPT ).

They will discuss the options with their Consultant.

Patient understands the fact that for the combined screen test blood sample needs to be given today itself

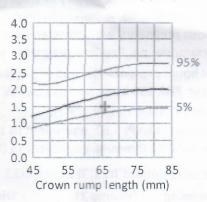
Follow-up

Repeat evaluation for fetal growth and anatomy survey is recommended at 20-23 weeks of

Addendum

Ultrasound cannot identify all fetal abnormalities. Some conditions may not be obvious until later on in the pregnancy or may manifest only at birth.

Nuchal translucency (mm)



Dr Roopa Shinde Performing physician