



Name Mr. ANDREW SSENGENDO

DOB 17/04/1997

Age / Gender 27 Y 3 M / Male Referred by DR HUMAIRA

CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER Centre

Ref No. 43633

Sample No. 2407451869

Collected 21/07/2024 20:00

Registered 21/07/2024 21:50

Reported 22/07/2024 07:42

BIOCHEMISTRY

Result Unit Test Flag **Reference Range** Methodology **C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)** 22.8 < 5.0 **Immunoturbidimetry** CH mg/L

> Please note change. Source: Roche IFU.

INTERPRETATION NOTES:

- 1. CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.
- C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.
- 3. CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- 4. CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- 5. CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection.

Serum Sample Type:

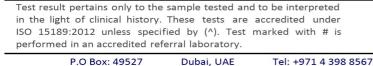
End of Report

Dr. Vyoma V Shah Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology) M.D (Pathology) **Pathologist Clinical Pathologist**

This is an electronically authenticated report

Page 1 of 4

ACCREDITED



reports@biosytech.ae

www.biosytech.com

Q aleem

HALEEM HAKKIM Laboratory Technician

Printed on: 22/07/2024 19:42





Name : Mr. ANDREW SSENGENDO

 DOB
 : 17/04/1997

 Age / Gender
 : 27 Y 3 M / Male

 Referred by
 : DR HUMAIRA

Centre : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Ref No. : 43633

Sample No. : 2407451869

Collected : 21/07/2024 20:00 **Registered** : 21/07/2024 21:50

Reported : 21/07/2024 22:29

HEMATOLOGY					
Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)					
HEMOGLOBIN	14.1		g/dL	13.5 - 17.5	Spectrophotometry (Oxyhemoglobin)
RBC COUNT	5.2		10^6/μL	4.3 - 5.7	Electrical Impedance
HEMATOCRIT	42.6		%	38 - 50	Calculation
MCV	82.5		fL	82 - 98	Calculation
МСН	27.2		pg	27 - 32	Calculation
MCHC	33.0		g/dL	32 - 37	Calculation
RDW	14.9		%	11.8 - 15.6	Calculation
RDW-SD	42.9		fL		Calculation
MPV	10.3		fL	7.6 - 10.8	Calculation
PLATELET COUNT	113	L	10^3/uL	150 - 450	Electrical Impedance
PCT	0.1		%	0.01 - 9.99	Calculation
PDW	17.1		Not Applicable	0.1 - 99.9	Calculation
NUCLEATED RBC (NRBC)^	0.3		/100 WBC		Flow Cytometry
ABSOLUTE NRBC COUNT^	0.01		10^3/uL		Calculation
EARLY GRANULOCYTE COUNT (EGC)^	0.0		%		Flow Cytometry
ABSOLUTE EGC^	0.0		10^3/uL		Calculation
WBC COUNT	3.8	L	10^3/μL	4 - 11	Electrical Impedance
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)					
NEUTROPHILS	56		%	40 - 75	Flow Cytometry
LYMPHOCYTES	38		%	20 - 45	Flow Cytometry
EOSINOPHILS	0		%	0 - 6	Flow Cytometry
MONOCYTES	6		%	1 - 6	Flow Cytometry
BASOPHILS	0		%	0 - 1	Flow Cytometry
ABSOLUTE COUNT					
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	1.2	L	10^3/uL	1.6 - 8.25	Calculation
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.5		10^3/uL	0.8 - 4.95	Calculation
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.2		10^3/uL	0.04 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.0		10^3/uL	0 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.0		10^3/uL	0 - 0.11	Calculation

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes Dr. Vyoma V Shah
M.D (Pathology) M.D (Pathology)
Pathologist Clinical Pathologist

This is an electronically authenticated report

Page 2 of 4

Reena Babu Laboratory Technologist Printed on: 22/07/2024 19:42

Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189:2012 unless specified by (^). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.









Name : Mr. ANDREW SSENGENDO

DOB : 17/04/1997

Age / Gender : 27 Y 3 M / Male Referred by : DR HUMAIRA

Centre : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Ref No. : 43633

Sample No. : 2407451869

Collected : 21/07/2024 20:00 **Registered** : 21/07/2024 21:50

Reported : 21/07/2024 22:29

HEMATOLOGY

Test Result Flag Unit Reference Range Methodology

COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) Comments : Please correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION NOTES: Please note update on CBC report format and changes in reference ranges.



Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology) Pathologist

This is an electronically authenticated report

Dr. Vyoma V Shah M.D (Pathology) Clinical Pathologist

Page 3 of 4

Reena Babu Laboratory Technologist Printed on: 22/07/2024 19:42

Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189:2012 unless specified by (^). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.





P.O Box: 49527 Dubai, UAE Tel: +971 4 398 8567 reports@biosytech.ae www.biosytech.com





Name : Mr. ANDREW SSENGENDO

 DOB
 : 17/04/1997

 Age / Gender
 : 27 Y 3 M / Male

 Referred by
 : DR HUMAIRA

Centre : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Ref No. : 43633

Sample No. : 2407451869

Collected : 21/07/2024 20:00

Registered : 21/07/2024 21:50 **Reported** : 21/07/2024 22:29

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Result Flag Unit Reference Range Methodology
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) 7 mm/hr < 15 Automated

Please note change in reference range and method.

INTERPRETATION NOTES:

Increased ESR is seen in inflammation, pregnancy, anemia, autoimmune disorders (such as rheumatoid arthritis and lupus), infections, some kidney diseases and some cancers (such as lymphoma and multiple myeloma).

The ESR is decreased in polycythemia, hyperviscosity, sickle cell anemia, leukemia, low plasma protein (due to liver or kidney disease), congestive heart failure, hypofibrinogenemia and leukocytosis.

Sample Type: EDTA Whole Blood

End of Report

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes Dr. Vyoma V Shah
M.D (Pathology) M.D (Pathology)
Pathologist Clinical Pathologist

This is an electronically authenticated report

P.O Box: 49527

Page 4 of 4

Tel: +971 4 398 8567



Reena Babu

Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189:2012 unless specified by (^). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.

Dubai, UAE





reports@biosytech.ae www.biosytech.com