



Laboratory Investigation Report

Mr. ACHARY VENU GOPAL Ref No. 43832

DOB 02/06/1963 Sample No. 2408462847 Age / Gender 61 Y / Male Collected 15/08/2024 10:00 Referred by DR AHSAN Registered 15/08/2024 15:36

CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER Reported 15/08/2024 22:02 Centre

BIOCHEMISTRY

Result Unit Test Flag **Reference Range** Methodology **C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)** 35.8 < 5.0 Particle-enhanced CH mg/L Please note change. immunoturbidimetric assay

Source: Roche IFU.

INTERPRETATION NOTES:

Name

- 1. CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.
- C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.
- 3. CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- 4. CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- 5. CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection.

Serum Sample Type:

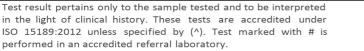
End of Report

Dr. Vyoma V Shah Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology) M.D (Pathology) **Pathologist Clinical Pathologist**

This is an electronically authenticated report

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ACCREDITED



in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189:2012 unless specified by (^). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.

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HARSHAD MANIKANDAN Laboratory Technician

Printed on: 15/08/2024 22:04



Sample Type:



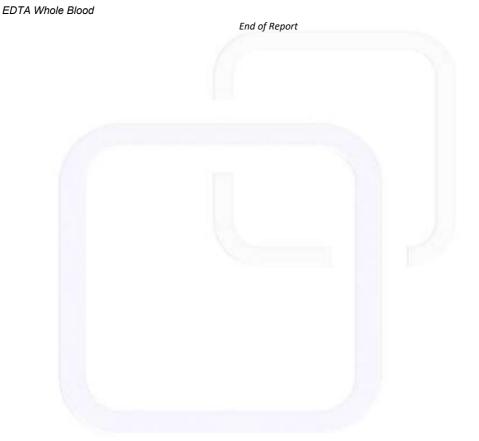
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HAEMATOLOGY

Test	Result	Flag Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
BLOOD GROUP (ABO & RH TYPE)				
ABO Group	"O"		-	Gel Card Technique
Rh Type	Positive		-	Gel Card Technique



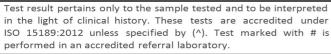
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Thahsina Anees Laboratory Technologist Printed on: 15/08/2024 22:04

Usab sina







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