

BML465789

Laboratory Investigation Report

Name	: Mr. MUHAMMAD SHAH SALAAR RATHORE NADEEM YOUSAF	Ref No.	: 37699
DOB	: 02/12/2012	Sample No.	: 2409476134
Age / Gender	: 11 Y / Male	Collected	: 13/09/2024 23:45
Referred by	: Dr. Enomen Goodluck Ekata	Registered	: 14/09/2024 16:47
Centre	: CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER	Reported	: 14/09/2024 18:24

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)	55	CH	mg/L	< 5.0 Please note change. Source: Roche IFU.	Particle-enhanced immunoturbidimetric assay

INTERPRETATION NOTES :

- CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.
- C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.
- CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection.

Sample Type : Serum

End of Report

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes
M.D (Pathology)
Pathologist

Vyoma V. Shah
Dr. Vyoma V Shah
M.D (Pathology)
Clinical Pathologist

Harshad Manikandan
HARSHAD MANIKANDAN
Laboratory Technician

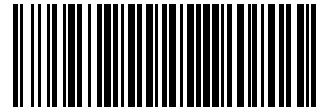
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HEMATOLOGY

Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)					
HEMOGLOBIN	14.2		g/dL	11 - 16	Photometric
RBC COUNT	5		10 ⁶ /μL	4.1 - 5.5	Electrical Impedance
HEMATOCRIT	41		%	33 - 47	Calculation
MCV	81.6	L	fL	82 - 92	Calculation
MCH	28.2		pg	27 - 32	Calculation
MCHC	34.5		g/dL	32 - 37	Calculation
RDW	14.3	H	%	12 - 14	Calculation
RDW-SD	41.1		fL		Calculation
MPV	9.5		fL	7.6 - 10.8	Calculation
PLATELET COUNT	330		10 ³ /uL	150 - 450	Electrical Impedance
PCT	0.3		%	0.01 - 9.99	Calculation
PDW	16.7		Not Applicable	0.1 - 99.9	Calculation
NUCLEATED RBC (NRBC) [^]	0.5		/100 WBC		VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE NRBC COUNT [^]	0.1		10 ³ /uL		Calculation
EARLY GRANULOCYTE COUNT (EGC) [^]	49.1		%		VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE EGC [^]	10.4		10 ³ /uL		Calculation
WBC COUNT	21.1	H	10 ³ /μL	4 - 11	Electrical Impedance
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)					
NEUTROPHILS	54		%	30 - 60	VCS 360 Technology
LYMPHOCYTES	40		%	30 - 60	VCS 360 Technology
EOSINOPHILS	2		%	0 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
MONOCYTES	4		%	1 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
BASOPHILS	0		%	0 - 1	VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE COUNT					
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	11.4	H	10 ³ /uL	1.2 - 6.6	Calculation
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	6.9	H	10 ³ /uL	1.2 - 6.6	Calculation
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.4		10 ³ /uL	0.04 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.5		10 ³ /uL	0 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.0		10 ³ /uL	0 - 0.11	Calculation

Vyoma V. Shah

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Pathologist

Dr. Vyoma V Shah
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Clinical Pathologist

Haleem

HALEEM HAKKIM
Laboratory Technician

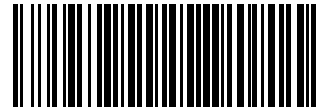
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HEMATOLOGY

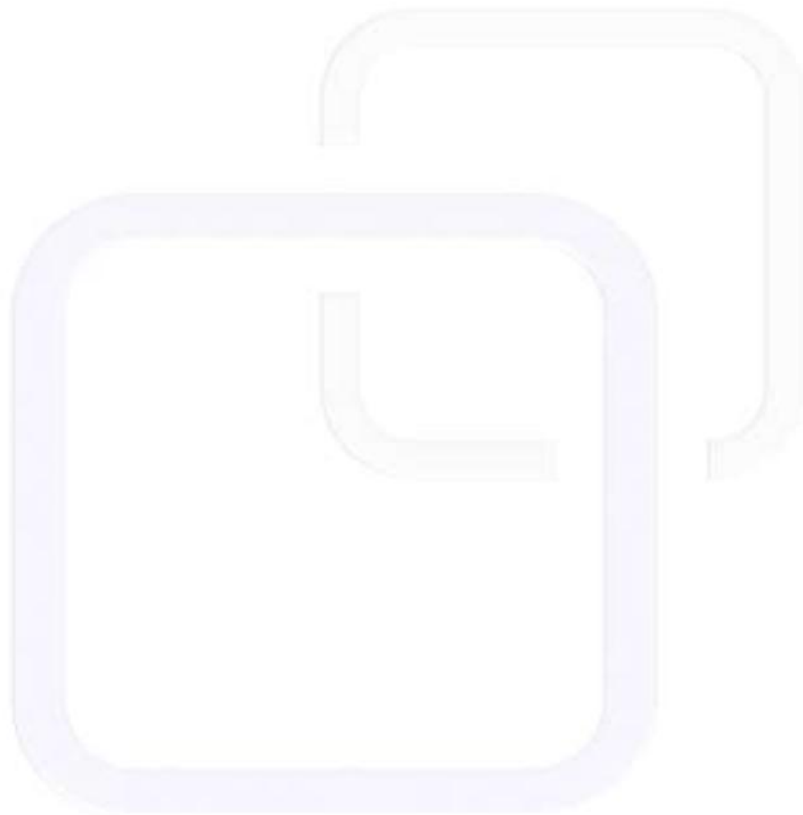
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COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

INTERPRETATION NOTES : Please note update on CBC report format, reference ranges and method(Beckman Coulter).

Sample Type : EDTA Whole Blood

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