



BML480701

## **Laboratory Investigation Report**

Name : Mr. MUKESH KUMAR KARAN SINGH

 DOB
 : 05/01/1978

 Age / Gender
 : 46 Y / Male

 Referred by
 : DR HUMAIRA

Centre : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

**Ref No.** : 44619

**Sample No.** : 2410491318

**Collected** : 22/10/2024 22:58 **Registered** : 22/10/2024 22:59

**Reported** : 22/10/2024 23:40

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

 Test
 Result
 Flag
 Unit
 Reference Range
 Methodology

 C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)
 8.0
 H
 mg/L
 < 5.0</td>
 Particle-enhanced immunoturbidimetric assay

Source: Roche IFU.

Comments: Please correlate clinically.

#### **INTERPRETATION NOTES:**

 CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.

- 2. C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.
- 3. CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- 4. CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- 5. CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection.

Sample Type : Serum

**End of Report** 

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology) Pathologist

This is an electronically authenticated report

P.O Box: 49527

Dr. Vyoma V Shah M.D (Pathology) Clinical Pathologist

Gome V. Shah

Page 1 of 5

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**MOHAMMED RASHID CHENANGADATH** 

Laboratory Technologist
Printed on: 22/10/2024 23:42

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Dubai, UAE





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# CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
URINE ANALYSIS ( ROUTINE)					
COLOR	Pale Yellow			Pale to Dark Yellow	Photometry
APPEARANCE	Clear			-	Turbidimetry
CHEMISTRY EXAMINATION					
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.008			1.002 - 1.035	Refractometry
PH	6.0			5 - 9	Litmus paper
GLUCOSE	Negative			Negative	GOD / POD
BLOOD	Negative			Negative	Peroxidase
PROTEIN	Negative			Negative	Protein error of pH indicator
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	Negative			Negative	Esterase
UROBILINOGEN	Negative			Negative	Diazonium Salt
BILIRUBIN	Negative			Negative	Diazonium Salt
KETONE	Negative			Negative	Legal's test
NITRITE	Negative			Negative	Griess test
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION					
LEUCOCYTES	1-4		/HPF	1 - 4	Automated Microscopy
ERYTHROCYTES	0-2		/HPF	0 - 2	Automated Microscopy
SQUAMOUS EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-1		/HPF	< 20	Automated Microscopy
NON-SQUAMOUS EPITHELIAL CELLS	-		/HPF	Variable	Automated Microscopy
BACTERIA	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
CASTS	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
HYALINE CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
FINE GRANULAR CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
COARSE GRANUALR CAST			/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
WAXY CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
FATTY CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
RBC CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
WBC CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
BACTERIAL CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
EPITHELIAL CAST	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy
CRYSTALS	-		/HPF	Absent	Automated Microscopy

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Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes Dr. Vyoma V Shah
M.D (Pathology) M.D (Pathology)
Pathologist Clinical Pathologist

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MUBASHER ZAHOOR Laboratory Technologist Printed on: 22/10/2024 23:42

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CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER Centre

# **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

	222.17.11102001					
Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range		
CALCIUM OXALATE	-		/HPF	Absent		
CALCIUM CARBONATE	-		/HPF	Absent		
CALCIUM PHOSPHATE	-		/HPF	Absent		
TRIPLE PHOSPHATE	-		/HPF	Absent		
URIC ACID CRYSTAL	-		/HPF	Absent		
AMMONIUM BIURATE	-		/HPF	Absent		
AMORPHOUS URATES	-		/HPF	Absent		
AMORPHOUS PHOSPHATES	-		/HPF	Absent		
CYSTINE	-		/HPF	Absent		
LEUCINE	-		/HPF	Absent		
TYROSINE	(		/HPF	Absent		
DRUG CRYSTAL	-		/HPF	Absent		
MUCUS THREADS	-		/HPF	Absent		
BUDDING YEAST CELLS	-		/HPF	Absent		
НҮРНАЕ	-		/HPF	Absent		
OVA	-		/HPF	Absent		
CYST	-		/HPF	Absent		
PARASITE	-		/HPF	Absent		
ARTIFACTS	-		/HPF	Absent		

Methodology
Automated Microscopy

## **INTERPRETATION NOTES:**

Please note change in method (Roche Cobas U6500).

Note: "-" means Absent

Sample Type: URINE

End of Report

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology)

**Pathologist** 

Dr. Vyoma V Shah M.D (Pathology) **Clinical Pathologist** This is an electronically authenticated report

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**MUBASHER ZAHOOR Laboratory Technologist** Printed on: 22/10/2024 23:42

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<b>HEMATO</b>	LOGY
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Test	Result Fla	ng Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)			_	
HEMOGLOBIN	14.6	g/dL	13.5 - 17.5	Photometric
RBC COUNT	4.9	10^6/μL	4.3 - 5.7	Electrical Impedance
HEMATOCRIT	43.3	%	38 - 50	Calculation
MCV	88.8	fL	82 - 98	Calculation
мсн	29.9	pg	27 - 32	Calculation
мснс	33.7	g/dL	32 - 37	Calculation
RDW	14.7	%	11.8 - 15.6	Calculation
RDW-SD	45.5	fL		Calculation
MPV	10	fL	7.6 - 10.8	Calculation
PLATELET COUNT	160	10^3/uL	150 - 450	Electrical Impedance
РСТ	0.2	%	0.01 - 9.99	Calculation
PDW	17.8	Not Applicable	0.1 - 99.9	Calculation
NUCLEATED RBC (NRBC)^	0.1	/100 WBC		VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE NRBC COUNT^	0.01	10^3/uL		Calculation
EARLY GRANULOCYTE COUNT (EGC)^	0.5	%		VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE EGC^	0	10^3/uL		Calculation
WBC COUNT	4.3	10^3/μL	4 - 11	Electrical Impedance
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)				
NEUTROPHILS	62	%	40 - 75	VCS 360 Technology
LYMPHOCYTES	31	%	20 - 45	VCS 360 Technology
EOSINOPHILS	1	%	0 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
MONOCYTES	6	%	1 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
BASOPHILS	0	%	0 - 1	VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE COUNT				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	2.6	10^3/uL	1.6 - 8.25	Calculation
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.3	10^3/uL	0.8 - 4.95	Calculation
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.6	10^3/uL	0.04 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.0	10^3/uL	0 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.0	10^3/uL	0 - 0.11	Calculation

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Reena Babu Laboratory Technologist Printed on: 22/10/2024 23:42

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### **HEMATOLOGY**

Test Result Flag Unit Reference Range Methodology

**COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)** 

#### **INTERPRETATION NOTES:**

Please note update on CBC report format, reference ranges and method(Beckman Coulter).

Sample Type: EDTA Whole Blood

End of Report



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