



BML489703

Laboratory Investigation Report

Name : Mr. SURAJ MEENA

DOB : 08/12/1997

Age / Gender : 26 Y / Male

Referred by : DR. HUMAIRA MUMTAZ

Centre : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Sample No.

Ref No.

2411500539

Collected

15/11/2024 11:22

Registered

16/11/2024 15:32

Reported

16/11/2024 18:41

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Result Flag Unit Reference Range Methodology

C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP) 4 mg/L < 5.0

Please note change.

Particle-enhanced immunoturbidimetric assay

Source: Roche IFU.

INTERPRETATION NOTES:

1. CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.

- 2. C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.
- 3. CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- 4. CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- 5. CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection.

Sample Type: Serum

End of Report

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology) Pathologist

P.O Box: 49527

Dr. Vyoma V Shah M.D (Pathology) Clinical Pathologist

Gome V. Shah

This is an electronically authenticated report

Dubai, UAE

HARSHAD MANIKANDAN Laboratory Technician Printed on: 16/11/2024 18:43

Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189:2012 unless specified by (^). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.



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HEMATOLOGY

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Ref No.

Sample No.

Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)					
HEMOGLOBIN	15		g/dL	13.5 - 17.5	Photometric
RBC COUNT	4.8		10^6/μL	4.3 - 5.7	Electrical Impedance
HEMATOCRIT	43.4		%	38 - 50	Calculation
MCV	90.2		fL	82 - 98	Calculation
мсн	31.2		pg	27 - 32	Calculation
мснс	34.7		g/dL	32 - 37	Calculation
RDW	12.6		%	11.8 - 15.6	Calculation
RDW-SD	39.4		fL		Calculation
MPV	10.4		fL	7.6 - 10.8	Calculation
PLATELET COUNT	206		10^3/uL	150 - 450	Electrical Impedance
РСТ	0.2		%	0.01 - 9.99	Calculation
PDW	17.4		Not Applicable	0.1 - 99.9	Calculation
NUCLEATED RBC (NRBC)^	0.2		/100 WBC		VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE NRBC COUNT^	0.02		10^3/uL		Calculation
EARLY GRANULOCYTE COUNT (EGC)^	0.6		%		VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE EGC^	0.1		10^3/uL		Calculation
WBC COUNT	9.7		10^3/μL	4 - 11	Electrical Impedance
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)					
NEUTROPHILS	71		%	40 - 75	VCS 360 Technology
LYMPHOCYTES	20		%	20 - 45	VCS 360 Technology
EOSINOPHILS	3		%	0 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
MONOCYTES	6		%	1 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
BASOPHILS	0		%	0 - 1	VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE COUNT					

Gome V. Shah

6.6

1.9

0.6

0.2

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes Dr. Vyoma V Shah
M.D (Pathology) M.D (Pathology)
Pathologist Clinical Pathologist

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ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT

ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT

ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT

ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT

ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT

Page 2 of 3

10^3/uL

10^3/uL

10^3/uL

10^3/uL

10^3/uL

1.6 - 8.25

0.8 - 4.95

0.04 - 0.66

0 - 0.66

0 - 0.11

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Calculation

Calculation

Calculation

Calculation

Calculation

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HEMATOLOGY

End of Report

Flag Unit Test Result **Reference Range** Methodology

COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)

INTERPRETATION NOTES:

Please note update on CBC report format, reference ranges and method(Beckman Coulter).

EDTA Whole Blood Sample Type:



Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology) **Pathologist**

Dr. Vyoma V Shah M.D (Pathology) **Clinical Pathologist** This is an electronically authenticated report

Gome V. Shah

Page 3 of 3

Reena Babu

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