



Mr. MOHAMED SHAHAB

PID NO: 40544

Age: 40 Years Sex: Male DOB: 08-Mar-1985



Reference: Dr. AMAIZAH ISHTIAQ

Sample Collected At:

CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Unit G03, Al Barsha South Bldg, Al Barhsa South

Third, Dubai

VID: 5060107637

Registered on:

24-Jun-2025 04:36 PM

Collected on: 24-Jun-2025 11:45 AM

Reported on :

24-Jun-2025 06:16 PM

<u>Investigation</u>	Observed Value Flag	<u>Unit</u>	Biological Reference Int	<u>:erval</u> <u>Method</u>
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)				
HEMOGLOBIN	15.2	g/dL	13.5 - 17.5	Photometric
RBC COUNT	5.3	10^6/μL	4.3 - 5.7	Electrical Impedance
HEMATOCRIT	45.7	%	38 - 50	Calculation
MCV	86.0	fL	82 - 98	Calculation
мсн	28.5	pg	27 - 32	Calculation
мснс	33.2	g/dL	32 - 37	Calculation
* RDW	13.3	%	11.8 - 15.6	Calculation
* RDW-SD	39.80	fL		Calculation
MPV	10.6	fL	7.6 - 10.8	Calculation
PLATELET COUNT	163	10^3/uL	150 - 450	Electrical Impedance
* NUCLEATED RBC (NRBC)	0.10	/100 WBC		VCS 360 Technology
* ABSOLUTE NRBC COUNT	0.01	10^3/uL		Calculation
TOTAL & DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)				
WBC COUNT	8.2	10^3/μL	4 - 11	Electrical Impedance
NEUTROPHILS	60	%	40 - 75	VCS 360 Technology
LYMPHOCYTES	33	%	20 - 45	VCS 360 Technology
EOSINOPHILS	4	%	0 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
MONOCYTES	3	%	1 - 6	VCS 360 Technology
BASOPHILS	0	%	0 - 1	VCS 360 Technology
ABSOLUTE COUNT				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4.9	10^3/uL	1.6 - 8.25	Calculation
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.7	10^3/uL	0.8 - 4.95	Calculation
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.2	10^3/uL	0.04 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.3	10^3/uL	0 - 0.66	Calculation
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0	10^3/uL	0 - 0.11	Calculation

ayana V. Shah

DR. ADLEY MARK FERNANDES M.D (Pathology) Pathologist

Sample Type: EDTA Whole Blood

DR. VYOMA SHAH M.D (Pathology) Clinical Pathologist

Printed on:

CAP

ACCREDITED

مرذز الرمازات العالمي للاعتماد Emirates International Accreditation Centre 192 - LB - MED

26-Jun-2025 05:46 PM

Page 1 of 3



Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189 unless specified by (*). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.

JALADINI DULANKA

Laboratory Technologist







Mr. MOHAMED SHAHAB

PID NO: 40544 Age: 40 Years Sex: Male

DOB: 08-Mar-1985

Reference: Dr. AMAIZAH ISHTIAQ

Sample Collected At:

CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Unit G03, Al Barsha South Bldg, Al Barhsa South

Third, Dubai

VID: 5060107637

Registered on:

24-Jun-2025 04:36 PM

Collected on: 24-Jun-2025 11:45 AM

Reported on:

26-Jun-2025 05:45 PM

Investigation Observed Value

* CULTURE AND SENSITIVITY (SKIN SWAB)

SPECIMEN Skin swab

RESULT No Growth after 48 Hours of Aerobic Incubation.

DR. ARUNA JADHAV **Specialist Microbiologist**

Printed on: ACCREDITED



26-Jun-2025 05:46 PM

FATHIMA MUHAMMED SAFIR

Microbiology Technologist

This is an Electronically Authenticated Report.

Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189 unless specified by (*). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.







Mr. MOHAMED SHAHAB

PID NO: 40544 Age: 40 Years Sex: Male

DOB: 08-Mar-1985

Sample Collected At :

CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Unit G03, Al Barsha South Bldg, Al Barhsa South

Reference: Dr. AMAIZAH ISHTIAQ

Third, Dubai

VID: 5060107637

Registered on :

24-Jun-2025 04:36 PM

Collected on :

24-Jun-2025 11:45 AM Reported on :

24-Jun-2025 08:05 PM

<u>Investigation</u> <u>Observed Value</u> <u>Flag</u> <u>Unit</u> <u>Biological Reference Interval</u>

4.1

* C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)

(Serum, Particle-enhanced immunoturbidimetric assay)

mg/L < 5.0

Please note change. Source: Roche IFU.

INTERPRETATION:

- CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.
- C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.
- CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection."

------ End Of Report -----

Cyma V. Shah

DR. ADLEY MARK FERNANDES M.D (Pathology) Pathologist DR. VYOMA SHAH M.D (Pathology) Clinical Pathologist

Printed on:

PRADEEP DAMOTHARAN

Laboratory Technologist

26-Jun-2025 05:46 PM





This is an Electronically Authenticated Report.

Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189 unless specified by (*). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.