



Patient Name : Mr. WAQAR AHMAD Sample UID No. : 4111370

 Age / Gender
 : 26 Y / Male
 Sample Collected On
 : 22-08-2025 15:50

 Patient ID
 : QLD110821
 Registered On
 : 22-08-2025 15:51

 Referred By
 : Dr. AISHA
 Reported on
 : 22-08-2025 21:46

Referral Client : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER(INSURANCE) External Patient ID : 47681
Emirates ID / Passport No : Print Version : V.1

Department of BIOCHEMISTRY

 Investigation
 Results
 Flag
 Units
 Biological Reference Interval
 Method

 * C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)
 1.3
 mg/L
 < 5</td>
 Particle enhanced immunoturbidimetric assay

Sample: Serum Comments:

CLINICAL IMPLICATIONS:

- 1. CRP is the most sensitive acute phase reactant that can increase dramatically (100-fold or more) after severe trauma, bacterial infection, inflammation, surgeryor neoplastic proliferation. CRP levels may predict future cardiovascular events and can be used as a screening tool.
- 2. The traditional test of CRP has added significance over the elevated ESR, which may be influenced by altered physiologic states. CRP tends to increase before rises in antibody titres and ESR level occurs. CRP levels also tend to decrease sooner than ESR levels.
- 3. The traditional test for CRP is elevated in rheumatic fever, RA, myocardial infarction, malignancy, bacterial and viral infections. The positive test indicates active inflammation but not its cause. In RA, the traditional test for CRP becomes negative with successful treatment and indicates that the inflammation has subsided.
- 4.High sensitive measurement of CRP (hs-CRP) are useful in assessing vascular inflammation and cardiovascular stratification. A single test for hs-CRP may not reflect an individual patient basal hs-CRP level, therefore follow up tests or serial measurements may be required in patients presenting with increased hs-CRP levels.

INTERFERING FACTORS: Haemolysed or lipemic sample may alter the results.

REFERENCE:

- 1) Manual of Laboratory and Diagnostics -Frances Fischbach Marshall B. Dunning III [9th Edition]
- 2) Tietz clinical guide to Laboratory tests(Fourth edition) ALAN H.B.WU

Note:

"The analytes with asterix (*) symbol are non-accredited parameters.". "QLabs compliance with ISO 15189:2022 standards"

Maqsood Rahman Lab Technologist

DHA No:48036476-001



Dr. Vidhya Mohan Specialist Clinical Pathologist Clinical Pathologist DHA No. 23553203-004 Dr. Dheepa Manoharan Medical Director Specialist Microbiologist

DHA No. 00231751-004 Page 1 of 2





Patient Name Sample UID No. : Mr. WAQAR AHMAD : EB4111370

Age / Gender : 26 Y / Male $\textbf{Sample Collected On} \hspace{0.1in} : \hspace{0.1in} 22\text{-}08\text{-}2025 \hspace{0.1in} 15\text{:}50$ Patient ID : QLD110821 Registered On : 22-08-2025 15:51 : 22-08-2025 20:13 Referred By Reported on : Dr. AISHA

Referral Client External Patient ID : 47681 : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER(INSURANCE) Emirates ID / Passport No : **Print Version** : V.1

Department of HEMATOLOGY

COMPREHENSIVE COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT

Investigation	Results	Flag	Units	Biological Reference Interval	Method
HEMOGLOBIN	13.9	<u></u>	g/dl	13-17	photometric
RBC COUNT	4.99		10^6/uL	4.5-5.5	Electrical Impedance
HEMATOCRIT	41.1	L	%	42-52	Calculation
MCV	82.4		fL	78-100	Calculation
мсн	27.8		pg	27-31	Calculation
мснс	33.8		g/dl	31-35	Calculation
RDW	13.1		%	9.3-16	Calculation
RDW-SD	38.1	L	fL	38.9-49	Calculation
MPV	8.7	L	fL	8.8-12.5	Calculation
PLATELET COUNT	343		10^3/uL	150-400	Electrical Impedance
* PCT	0.3		%	0.01-9.99	Calculation
* PDW	16.3			0.1-99.9	Calculation
* NUCLEATED RBC (NRBC)^	0.02		/100 WBC		Flow Cytometry
* ABSOLUTE NRBC COUNT^	0		10^3/uL		Calculation
* EARLY GRANULOCYTE COUNT (EGC)^	0.47		%		Flow Cytometry
* ABSOLUTE EGC^	0.05		10^3/uL		Calculation
WBC COUNT	9.9		10^3/uL	4-11	Electrical Impedance
* Neutrophil	62.24		%	40-80	VCS-Method
* Lymphocyte	29.67		%	20-40	VCS-Method
* Eosinophil	1.63		%	1-8	VCS-Method
* Monocyte	5.26		%	2-10	VCS-Method
* Basophil	1.2		%	0-2	VCS-Method
* ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	6.15		10^3/uL	1.5-7	Calculation
* ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.93		10^3/uL	1.5-4	Calculation
* ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.52		10^3/uL	0-0.8	Calculation
* ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.16		10^3/uL	0-0.6	Calculation
* ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.12		10^3/uL	0-0.2	Calculation
Sample: EDTA Whole Blood					

Sample: EDTA Whole Blood

- END OF REPORT -

Note:

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> Ebin C Lorance Lab Technologist



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Dr. Vidhya Mohan **Specialist Clinical Pathologist Clinical Pathologist** DHA No. 23553203-004