



BML481837

Laboratory Investigation Report

Name : Mr. MOISES ANGELO DA SILVEIRA
DOB : 16/12/1981
Age / Gender : 42 Y / Male
Referred by : DR.ENOMEN
Centre : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER

Ref No. : 44189
Sample No. : 2410492479
Collected : 25/10/2024 19:00
Registered : 26/10/2024 14:57
Reported : 26/10/2024 18:20

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)	2.6		mg/L	< 5.0 Please note change. Source: Roche IFU.	Particle-enhanced immunoturbidimetric assay

INTERPRETATION NOTES :

- CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.
- C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.
- CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection.

Sample Type : Serum

End of Report



Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes
M.D (Pathology)
Pathologist

Dr. Vyoma V Shah
M.D (Pathology)
Clinical Pathologist



MOHAMMED RASHID CHENANGADATH
Laboratory Technologist

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Page 1 of 2

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Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189:2012 unless specified by (^). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.





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HAEMATOLOGY

Test	Result	Flag	Unit	Reference Range	Methodology
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)	2		mm/hr	< 15 Please note change in reference range and method.	Automated

INTERPRETATION NOTES :

Increased ESR is seen in inflammation, pregnancy, anemia, autoimmune disorders (such as rheumatoid arthritis and lupus), infections, some kidney diseases and some cancers (such as lymphoma and multiple myeloma).

The ESR is decreased in polycythemia, hyperviscosity, sickle cell anemia, leukemia, low plasma protein (due to liver or kidney disease), congestive heart failure, hypofibrinogenemia and leukocytosis.

Sample Type : EDTA Whole Blood

End of Report

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes
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Pathologist

Vyoma V. Shah
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Clinical Pathologist

Thahsina
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Page 2 of 2

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