



Laboratory Investigation Report

Ms. UMERA SHEIKH Ref No. : 27908

 Age / Gender
 : 30 Y / Female
 Collected
 : 01/12/2024 17:00

 Referred by
 : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER
 Registered
 : 01/12/2024 21:12

 Centre
 : CITICARE MEDICAL CENTER
 Reported
 : 02/12/2024 00:08

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Result Flag Unit Reference Range Methodology

C-REACTIVE PROTEIN (CRP)

9.8

H mg/L < 5.0

Particle-enhanced immunoturbidimetric assay

Source: Roche IFU.

INTERPRETATION NOTES:

Name

1. CRP measurements are used as aid in diagnosis, monitoring, prognosis, and management of suspected inflammatory disorders and associated diseases, acute infections and tissue injury.

2. C-reactive protein is the classic acute phase protein in inflammatory reactions.

- 3. CRP is the most sensitive of the acute phase reactants and its concentration increases rapidly during inflammatory processes. The CRP response frequently precedes clinical symptoms, including fever. After onset of an acute phase response, the serum CRP concentration rises rapidly and extensively. The increase begins within 6 to 12 hours and the peak value is reached within 24 to 48 hours. Levels above 100 mg/L are associated with severe stimuli such as major trauma and severe infection (sepsis).
- 4. CRP response may be less pronounced in patients suffering from liver disease.
- 5. CRP assays are used to detect systemic inflammatory processes (apart from certain types of inflammation such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and Colitis ulcerosa); to assess treatment of bacterial infections with antibiotics; to detect intrauterine infections with concomitant premature amniorrhexis; to differentiate between active and inactive forms of disease with concurrent infection, e.g. in patients suffering from SLE or Colitis ulcerosa; to therapeutically monitor rheumatic disease and assess anti-inflammatory therapy; to determine the presence of post-operative complications at an early stage, such as infected wounds, thrombosis and pneumonia, and to distinguish between infection and bone marrow transplant rejection.

Sample Type : Serum

End of Report

Dr. Adley Mark Fernandes M.D (Pathology) Pathologist

This is an electronically authenticated report

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HARSHAD MANIKANDAN Laboratory Technician Printed on: 02/12/2024 00:10

Test result pertains only to the sample tested and to be interpreted in the light of clinical history. These tests are accredited under ISO 15189:2012 unless specified by (^). Test marked with # is performed in an accredited referral laboratory.

Dubai, UAE





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